

CA-IS374x-Q1 High-Speed Four-Channel Digital Isolators

1. Features

- **Data Rate: DC to 150Mbps**
- **Robust Galvanic Isolation of Digital Signals**
 - High lifetime: >40 years
 - Up to 5000 V_{RMS} isolation rating
 - ±150 kV/μs typical CMTI
- **Accepts 2.5V to 5.5V Supplies**
- **Schmitt Trigger Inputs**
- **Enable Control Input with Internal Pull-up**
- **Default Output High (CA-IS374xH-Q1) and Low (CA-IS374xL-Q1) Options**
- **No Start-Up Initialization Required**
- **Low Power Consumption**
 - 1.5mA per channel at 1Mbps with V_{DD} = 5.0V
 - 6.6mA per channel at 100Mbps with V_{DD} = 5.0V
- **Best in Class Propagation Delay and Skew**
 - 12ns typical propagation delay
 - 2ns propagation delay skew (chip -to-chip)
 - 1ns pulse width distortion
 - 5ns minimum pulse width
- **Package Options**
 - Wide-body SOIC16-WB(W) package
- **Safety Regulatory Approvals**
 - VDE 0884-11 isolation certification
 - UL According to UL1577
 - IEC 62368-1, IEC 61010-1, GB 4943.1-2011 and GB 8898-2011 certifications
- **AEC-Q100 Qualified for Automotive Application**
 - Grade 1 operating temperature range: -40°C to 125°C

2. Applications

- Industrial Automation
- Motor Control
- Medical Systems
- Isolated Power Supplies
- Solar Inverters
- Isolated ADC,DAC
- Automotive Applications

3. General Description

The CA-IS374x-Q1 devices are high-performance four-channel, unidirectional digital isolators with up to 5kV_{RMS} wide-body package isolation rating and DC to 150Mbps ultra-fast data rate. The CA-IS374x-Q1 devices offer high electromagnetic immunity and low emissions at low power consumption while isolating different ground domains. Each isolation channel has a logic input and output buffer separated by capacitive silicon dioxide (SiO₂) insulation barrier, the integrated Schmitt trigger on each input provide excellent noise immunity in automotive applications.

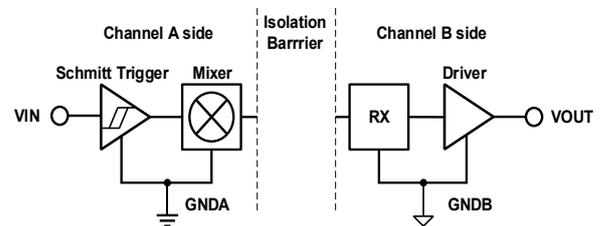
The CA-IS374x-Q1 family features default outputs. When the input is either not powered or is open-circuit, the default output is low for devices with suffix L and high for devices with suffix H, see the *Ordering Information* for suffixes associated with each option.

The CA-IS374x-Q1 family devices are specified over the -40°C to +125°C operating temperature range and are available in 16-pin SOIC wide body package.

Device information

Part number	Package	Package size (NOM)
CA-IS3740-Q1 CA-IS3741-Q1 CA-IS3742-Q1	SOIC16-WB(W)	10.30 mm × 7.50 mm

Simplified Channel Structure



GND A and GND B are the isolated grounds for A side and B side respectively.

4. Ordering Information

Table 4-1. Ordering Information

Part Number	Number of Inputs A Side	Number of Inputs B Side	Default Output	Isolation Rating (KV _{RMS})	Output Enable	Package
CA-IS3740LW-Q1	4	0	Low	5.0	Yes	SOIC16-WB
CA-IS3740HW-Q1	4	0	High	5.0	Yes	SOIC16-WB
CA-IS3741LW-Q1	3	1	Low	5.0	Yes	SOIC16-WB
CA-IS3741HW-Q1	3	1	High	5.0	Yes	SOIC16-WB
CA-IS3742LW-Q1	2	2	Low	5.0	Yes	SOIC16-WB
CA-IS3742HW-Q1	2	2	High	5.0	Yes	SOIC16-WB

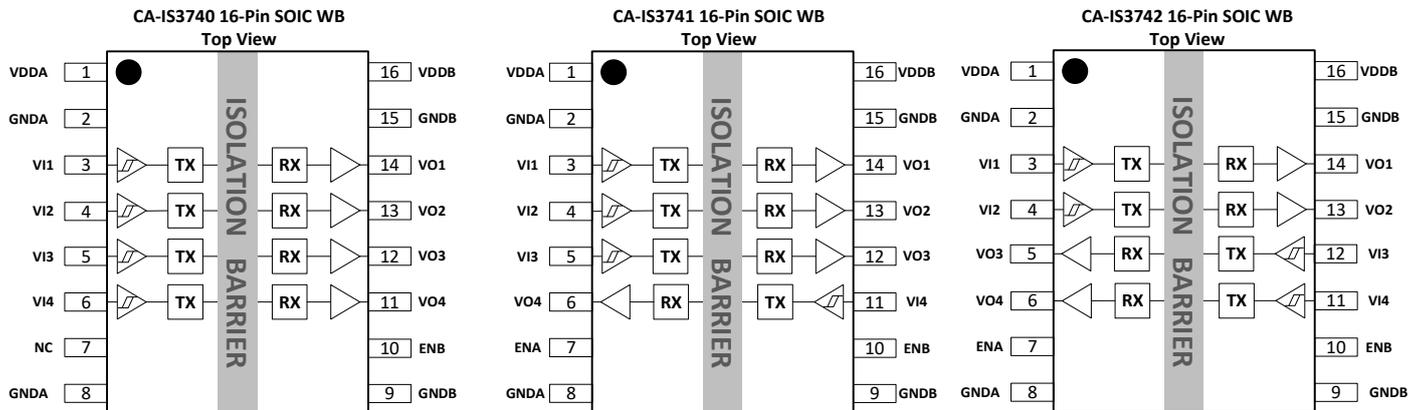
Contents

1. Features 1 2. Applications 1 3. General Description 1 4. Ordering Information 2 5. Revision History 3 6. Pin Configuration and Functions 4 7. Specifications 5 7.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings ¹5 7.2. ESD Ratings.....5 7.3. Recommended Operating Conditions5 7.4. Thermal Information6 7.5. Power Rating6 7.6. Insulation Specifications.....7 7.7. Safety-Related Certifications8	7.8. Electrical Characteristics 9 7.9. Supply Current Characteristics..... 10 7.10. Timing Characteristics..... 13 8. Parameter Measurement Information 15 9. Detailed Description 17 9.1. Overview..... 17 9.2. Functional Block Diagram 17 9.3. Device Operation Modes 18 10. Application and Implementation 19 11. Package Information 20 12. Soldering Temperature (reflow) Profile 21 13. Tape and Reel Information 22 14. Important statement 23
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5. Revision History

Revision Number	Description	Revision Date	Page Changed
Version 1.00	N/A		N/A
Version 1.01	Changed $V_{IT+(IN)}$ minimum value to 2.0V, changed $V_{IT-(IN)}$ maximum value to 0.8V; removed $V_{I(HYS)}$.		9
Version 1.02	The $V_{IT+(IN)}$ description is changed to input threshold logic high, and the $V_{IT-(IN)}$ description is changed to input threshold logic low		9
Version 1.03	Changed POD and Tape reel information	2022/12/15	21,23
Version 1.04	Update VDE certification information	2023/11/19	7,8

6. Pin Configuration and Functions



lowFigure 6-1. CA-IS374x-Q1 pin configuration

Table 6-1. CA-IS374x-Q1 pin description and function

16-SOIC Pin#			Name	Type	Description
CA-IS3740	CA-IS3741	CA-IS3742			
1	1	1	VDDA	Supply	Power supply for side A.
2, 8	2, 8	2, 8	GNDA	Ground	Ground reference for side A.
3	3	3	VI1	Digital I/O	Digital input 1 on side A, corresponds to logic output 1 on side B.
4	4	4	VI2	Digital I/O	Digital input 2 on side A, corresponds to logic output 2 on side B.
5	5	12	VI3	Digital I/O	Digital input 3 on side A/B, corresponds to logic output 3 on side B/A.
6	11	11	VI4	Digital I/O	Digital input 4 on side A/B, corresponds to logic output 4 on side B/A.
7	-	-	NC ¹	No Connect	Not internally connected. It can be left floating, tied to VDDA or tied to GNDA.
-	7	7	ENA ²	Digital I/O	Output enable A. Output pin on side A is enabled when ENA is high or floating; Output pin on side A is open and in high-impedance state when ENA is low.
9, 15	9, 15	9, 15	GNDB	Ground	Ground reference for side B.
10	10	10	ENB ²	Digital I/O	Output enable B. Output pin on side B is enabled when ENB is high or floating; Output pin on side B is open and in high-impedance state when ENB is low.
11	6	6	VO4	Digital I/O	Digital output 4 on side B/A, VO4 is the logic output for the VI4 input on side A/B.
12	12	5	VO3	Digital I/O	Digital output 3 on side B/A, VO3 is the logic output for the VI3 input on side A/B.
13	13	13	VO2	Digital I/O	Digital output 2 on side B, VO2 is the logic output for the VI2 input on side A.
14	14	14	VO1	Digital I/O	Digital output 1 on side B, VO1 is the logic output for the VI1 input on side A.
16	16		VDDB	Supply	Power supply for side B.

Notes:

1. No Connect. This pin is not internally connected. It can be left floating, tied to VDD_ or tied to GND.
2. Enable inputs ENA and ENB can be used to put the respective outputs in high impedance for multi master driving applications, external clock synchronization etc. With internal pull-up resistors, these pins can be connected to logic high or left floating to enable the outputs. If ENA, ENB are unused, it is recommended to connect these pins to a logic level, especially in the noisy environment.

7. Specifications

7.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Parameters		Minimum value	Maximum value	Unit
V_{DDA}, V_{DDB}	Power supply voltage ²	-0.5	7.0	V
V_{IN}	Voltage at V_{Ix}, VO_x, EN_x	-0.5	$V_{DD} + 0.5^3$	V
I_O	Output current	-20	20	mA
T_J	Junction temperature		150	°C
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range	-65	150	°C

Notes:

- The stresses listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” are stress ratings only, not for functional operation condition. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may cause permanent damage to the device.
- All voltage values are with respect to the local ground terminal (GNDA or GNDB) and are peak voltage values.
- Maximum voltage must not be exceed 7 V.

7.2. ESD Ratings

			Numerical value	Unit
V_{ESD} Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ¹		±6000	V
	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC Specification JESD22-C101, all pins ²		±4000	

Notes:

- Per JEDEC document JEP155, 500V HBM allows safe manufacturing of standard ESD control process.
- Per JEDEC document JEP157, 250V HBM allows safe manufacturing of standard ESD control process.

7.3. Recommended Operating Conditions

PARAMETER		MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNIT
V_{DDA}, V_{DDB}	Supply voltage on side A, B	2.375	3.3/5.0	5.50	V
$V_{DD} (UVLO+)$	V_{DD} Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold When Supply Voltage is Rising	1.95	2.24	2.37	V
$V_{DD} (UVLO-)$	V_{DD} Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold When Supply Voltage is Falling	1.88	2.10	2.325	V
$V_{HYS} (UVLO)$	V_{DD} Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold Hysteresis	70	140	250	mV
I_{OH}	High-level Output Current	$V_{DDO}^1 = 5V$		-4	mA
		$V_{DDO} = 3.3V$		-2	
		$V_{DDO} = 2.5V$		-1	
I_{OL}	Low-level Output Current	$V_{DDO} = 5V$		4	mA
		$V_{DDO} = 3.3V$		2	
		$V_{DDO} = 2.5V$		1	
V_{IH}	High-level Input Voltage	2.0			V
V_{IL}	Low-level Input Voltage			0.8	V
DR	Data Rate	0		150	Mbps
T_A	Ambient Temperature	-40	27	125	°C

Note:

- V_{DDO} = Output-side supply V_{DD} .

7.4. Thermal Information

Thermal Metric	CA-IS374x-Q1	Unit
	SOIC16-WB(W)	
R _{θJA} Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	83.4	°C/W

7.5. Power Rating

Parameters	Test conditions	MIN	TYPE	MAX	Unit
CA-IS3740-Q1					
P _D Maximum Power Dissipation	V _{DDA} = V _{DDB} = 5.5 V, C _L = 15 pF, T _J = 150°C, Input a 75-MHz 50% duty cycle square wave.			334	mW
P _{DA} Maximum Power Dissipation on Side-A				36	mW
P _{DB} Maximum Power Dissipation on Side-B				298	mW
CA-IS3741-Q1					
P _D Maximum Power Dissipation	V _{DDA} = V _{DDB} = 5.5 V, C _L = 15 pF, T _J = 150°C, Input a 75-MHz 50% duty cycle square wave.			334	mW
P _{DA} Maximum Power Dissipation on Side-A				100	mW
P _{DB} Maximum Power Dissipation on Side-B				234	mW
CA-IS3742-Q1					
P _D Maximum Power Dissipation	V _{DDA} = V _{DDB} = 5.5 V, C _L = 15 pF, T _J = 150°C, Input a 75-MHz 50% duty cycle square wave.			334	mW
P _{DA} Maximum Power Dissipation on Side-A				167	mW
P _{DB} Maximum Power Dissipation on Side-B				167	mW

7.6. Insulation Specifications

Parameters		Test conditions	Value	Unit
			W	
CLR	External clearance ¹	Shortest terminal-to-terminal distance through air	8	mm
CPG	External creepage ¹	Shortest terminal-to-terminal distance across the package surface	8	mm
DTI	Distance through the insulation	Minimum internal gap (internal clearance)	28	μm
CTI	Comparative tracking index	DIN EN 60112 (VDE 0303-11); IEC 60112	>600	V
	Material group	Per IEC 60664-1	I	
	Overvoltage category per IEC 60664-1	Rated mains voltage ≤ 300 V _{RMS}	I-IV	
		Rated mains voltage ≤ 600 V _{RMS}	I-IV	
		Rated mains voltage ≤ 1000 V _{RMS}	I-III	
DIN V VDE V 0884-11:2017-01²				
V _{IORM}	Maximum repetitive peak isolation voltage	AC voltage (bipolar)	1414	V _{PK}
V _{IOWM}	Maximum operating isolation voltage	AC voltage; time-dependent dielectric breakdown (TDDb) test	1000	V _{RMS}
		DC voltage	1414	V _{DC}
V _{IOTM}	Maximum transient isolation voltage	V _{TEST} = V _{IOTM} , t=60 s (certified); V _{TEST} = 1.2 × V _{IOTM} , t=1 s (100% product test)	7070	V _{PK}
V _{IOSM}	Maximum surge isolation voltage ³	Test method per IEC 60065, 1.2/50 μs waveform, V _{TEST} = 1.6 × V _{IOSM} (certification)	7070	V _{PK}
Q _{pd}	Apparent charge ⁴	Method a, after input/output safety test of the subgroup 2/3, V _{ini} = V _{IOTM} , t _{ini} = 60 s; V _{pd(m)} = 1.2 × V _{IORM} , t _m = 10 s	≤5	pC
		Method a, after environmental test of the subgroup 1, V _{ini} = V _{IOTM} , t _{ini} = 60 s; V _{pd(m)} = 1.6 × V _{IORM} , t _m = 10 s	≤5	
		Method b, at routine test (100% production test) and preconditioning (type test) V _{ini} = 1.2 × V _{IOTM} , t _{ini} = 1 s; V _{pd(m)} = 1.875 × V _{IORM} , t _m = 1 s	≤5	
C _{IO}	Barrier capacitance, input to output ⁵	V _{IO} = 0.4 × sin(2πft), f = 1 MHz	~0.5	pF
R _{IO}	Isolation resistance ⁵	V _{IO} = 500 V, T _A = 25°C	>10 ¹²	Ω
		V _{IO} = 500 V, 100°C ≤ T _A ≤ 125°C	>10 ¹¹	
		V _{IO} = 500 V at T _S = 150°C	>10 ⁹	
	Pollution degree		2	
UL 1577				
V _{ISO}	Maximum withstanding isolation voltage	V _{TEST} = V _{ISO} , t = 60 s (qualification) V _{TEST} = 1.2 × V _{ISO} , t = 1 s (100% production test)	5000	V _{RMS}
Notes:				
1. Creepage and clearance requirements should be applied according to the specific equipment isolation standards of an application. Care should be taken to maintain the creepage and clearance distance of a board design to ensure that the mounting pads of the isolator on the printed-circuit board do not reduce this distance. Creepage and clearance on a printed-circuit board become equal in certain cases. Techniques such as inserting grooves and/or ribs on a printed circuit board are used to help increase these specifications. 2. This coupler is suitable for safe electrical insulation only within the safety ratings. Compliance with the safety ratings shall be ensured by means of suitable protective circuits. 3. Testing is carried out in air or oil to determine the intrinsic surge immunity of the isolation barrier. 4. Apparent charge is electrical discharge caused by a partial discharge (pd). 5. All pins on each side of the barrier tied together creating a two-terminal device.				

7.7. Safety-Related Certifications

VDE	UL	CQC	TUV
Certified according to DIN VDE V 0884-11:2017-01	Certified according to UL 1577 Component Recognition Program	Certified according to GB 4943.1-2011 and GB 8898-2011	Certified according to EN/IEC 61010-1:2010 (3rd Ed) and EN /IEC 62368-1:2014+A11:2017
Maximum transient isolation voltage: 7070V _{pk} (SOIC16-WB) Maximum repetitive peak isolation voltage: 1414V _{pk} (SOIC16-WB) Maximum surge isolation voltage: 7070V _{pk} (SOIC16-WB)	SOIC16-WB: 5000 V _{RMS}	SOIC16-WB: Reinforced insulation, 1000 V _{RMS} maximum working voltage (Altitude ≤ 5000 m)	5000 V _{RMS} (SOIC16-WB) insulation per EN/IEC 61010-1:2010 (3rd Ed) and EN /IEC 62368-1:2014+A11:2017, working voltage is up to 1000 V _{RMS} (SOIC16-WB)
Certificate number: 40052786	Certificate number : E511334	Certificate number CQC20001251466	CB Certificate number: JPTUV-111116; DE 2-027880 AK Certificate number: AK 50474784 0001; AK 50474786 0001

7.8. Electrical Characteristics
 $V_{DDA} = V_{DDB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40$ to 125°C (over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified)

Parameters	Test conditions	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNIT
V_{OH}	High-level Output Voltage $I_{OH} = -4\text{mA}$; See Figure 8-2	$V_{DDO}^{1-0.4}$	4.8		V
V_{OL}	Low-level Output Voltage $I_{OL} = 4\text{mA}$; See Figure 8-2		0.2	0.4	V
$V_{IT+(IN)}$	Rising input switching threshold	2.0			V
$V_{IT-(IN)}$	Falling input switching threshold			0.8	V
I_{IH}	High-Level Input Leakage Current $V_{IH} = V_{DDA}$ at INx or ENx			20	μA
I_{IL}	Low-Level Input Leakage Current $V_{IL} = 0\text{ V}$ at INx	-20			μA
Z_O	Output Impedance ²		50		Ω
CMTI	Common-mode Transient Immunity $V_I = V_{DDI}^1$ or 0 V , $V_{CM} = 1200\text{ V}$; See Figure 8-4	100	150		$\text{kV}/\mu\text{s}$
C_I	Input Capacitance ³ $V_I = V_{DD}/2 + 0.4 \times \sin(2\pi ft)$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$		2		pF

Notes:

- V_{DDI} = Input-side supply V_{DD} , V_{DDO} = Output-side supply V_{DD} .
- The nominal output impedance of each isolator driver is $50\ \Omega \pm 40\%$.
- Measured from pin to Ground.

 $V_{DDA} = V_{DDB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40$ to 125°C (over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified)

Parameters	Test conditions	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNIT
V_{OH}	High-level Output Voltage $I_{OH} = -2\text{mA}$; See Figure 8-2	$V_{DDO}^{1-0.4}$	3.1		V
V_{OL}	Low-level Output Voltage $I_{OL} = 2\text{mA}$; See Figure 8-2		0.2	0.4	V
$V_{IT+(IN)}$	Rising input switching threshold	2.0			V
$V_{IT-(IN)}$	Falling input switching threshold			0.8	V
I_{IH}	High-Level Input Leakage Current $V_{IH} = V_{DDA}$ at INx or ENx			20	μA
I_{IL}	Low-Level Input Leakage Current $V_{IL} = 0\text{ V}$ at INx	-20			μA
Z_O	Output Impedance ²		50		Ω
CMTI	Common-mode Transient Immunity $V_I = V_{DDI}^1$ or 0 V , $V_{CM} = 1200\text{ V}$; See Figure 8-4	100	150		$\text{kV}/\mu\text{s}$
C_I	Input Capacitance ³ $V_I = V_{DD}/2 + 0.4 \times \sin(2\pi ft)$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}$		2		pF

Notes:

- V_{DDI} = Input-side supply V_{DD} , V_{DDO} = Output-side supply V_{DD} .
- The nominal output impedance of each isolator driver is $50\ \Omega \pm 40\%$.
- Measured from pin to Ground.

 $V_{DDA} = V_{DDB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40$ to 125°C (over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified)

Parameters	Test conditions	MIN	TYPE	MAX	UNIT
V_{OH}	High-level Output Voltage $I_{OH} = -1\text{mA}$; See Figure 8-2	$V_{DDO}^{1-0.4}$	2.3		V
V_{OL}	Low-level Output Voltage $I_{OL} = 1\text{mA}$; See Figure 8-2		0.2	0.4	V
$V_{IT+(IN)}$	Rising input switching threshold	2.0			V
$V_{IT-(IN)}$	Falling input switching threshold			0.8	V
I_{IH}	High-Level Input Leakage Current $V_{IH} = V_{DDA}$ at INx or ENx			20	μA
I_{IL}	Low-Level Input Leakage Current $V_{IL} = 0\text{ V}$ at INx	-20			μA
Z_O	Output Impedance ²		50		Ω
CMTI	Common-mode Transient Immunity $V_I = V_{DDI}^1$ or 0 V , $V_{CM} = 1200\text{ V}$; See Figure 8-4	100	150		$\text{kV}/\mu\text{s}$
C_I	Input Capacitance ³ $V_I = V_{DD}/2 + 0.4 \times \sin(2\pi ft)$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{DD} = 2.5\text{ V}$		2		pF

Notes:

- V_{DDI} = Input-side supply V_{DD} , V_{DDO} = Output-side supply V_{DD} .
- The nominal output impedance of each isolator driver is $50\ \Omega \pm 40\%$.
- Measured from pin to Ground.

7.9. Supply Current Characteristics

$V_{DDA} = V_{ddb} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40$ to 125°C (over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified)

Parameters	Test conditions	SUPPLY CURRENT	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
CA-IS3740-Q1						
Supply Current – Outputs disabled	ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		1.3	2.1	mA
		I_{ddb}		2.5	3.5	
	ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		6.4	9.5	
		I_{ddb}		2.7	3.6	
Supply Current – DC Signal	ENB = V_{ddb} ; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		1.3	2.1	
		I_{ddb}		2.7	3.9	
	ENB = V_{ddb} ; $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		6.4	9.5	
		I_{ddb}		2.7	4.0	
Supply Current – AC Signal	ENB = V_{ddb} ; All Channels Switching with 50% Duty Cycle Square Wave Clock Input with 5V Amplitude; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ for Each Channel.	1Mbps (500kHz)	I_{DDA}		3.9	5.8
			I_{ddb}		4.4	6.1
		10Mbps (5MHz)	I_{DDA}		3.9	5.8
			I_{ddb}		18.7	24.8
		100Mbps (50MHz)	I_{DDA}		4.7	6.8
			I_{ddb}		41.0	54.7
CA-IS3741-Q1						
Supply Current – Outputs disabled	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		1.5	2.4	mA
		I_{ddb}		2.3	3.6	
	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		4.1	6.8	
		I_{ddb}		3.2	5.1	
Supply Current – DC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		1.6	2.5	
		I_{ddb}		2.5	3.9	
	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		4.2	6.9	
		I_{ddb}		3.5	5.4	
Supply Current – AC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; All Channels Switching with 50% Duty Cycle Square Wave Clock Input with 5V Amplitude; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ for Each Channel.	1Mbps (500kHz)	I_{DDA}		3.3	5.2
			I_{ddb}		4.1	6.2
		10Mbps (5MHz)	I_{DDA}		6.9	9.9
			I_{ddb}		14.0	19.5
		100Mbps (50MHz)	I_{DDA}		14.3	19.8
			I_{ddb}		32.5	44.0
CA-IS3742-Q1						
Supply Current – Outputs disabled	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		2.2	3.3	mA
		I_{ddb}		2.2	3.3	
	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		4.8	7.0	
		I_{ddb}		4.8	7.0	
Supply Current – DC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		2.4	3.5	
		I_{ddb}		2.4	3.5	
	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		4.9	7.1	
		I_{ddb}		4.9	7.1	
Supply Current – AC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; All Channels Switching with 50% Duty Cycle Square Wave Clock Input with 5V Amplitude; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ for Each Channel.	1Mbps (500kHz)	I_{DDA}		4.4	6.3
			I_{ddb}		4.4	6.3
		10Mbps (5MHz)	I_{DDA}		11.8	16.0
			I_{ddb}		11.8	16.0
		100Mbps (50MHz)	I_{DDA}		24.0	33.0
			I_{ddb}		24.0	33.0
Note:						
1. V_{DDI} = Input-side supply V_{DD} .						

$V_{DDA} = V_{DDB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40$ to 125°C (over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified)

Parameters	Test conditions	SUPPLY CURRENT	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
CA-IS3740-Q1						
Supply Current – Outputs disabled	ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		1.4	2.0	mA
		I_{DDB}		2.4	3.5	
	ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		6.3	9.5	
		I_{DDB}		2.4	3.6	
Supply Current – DC Signal	ENB = V_{DDB} ; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		1.4	2.0	
		I_{DDB}		2.6	3.7	
	ENB = V_{DDB} ; $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		6.2	9.3	
		I_{DDB}		2.6	3.8	
Supply Current – AC Signal	ENB = V_{DDB} ; All Channels Switching with 50% Duty Cycle Square Wave Clock Input with 3.3V Amplitude; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ for Each Channel.	1Mbps (500kHz)	I_{DDA}		3.8	5.7
			I_{DDB}		3.7	5.1
		10Mbps (5MHz)	I_{DDA}		3.8	5.7
			I_{DDB}		13.2	17.5
		100Mbps (50MHz)	I_{DDA}		4.6	6.8
			I_{DDB}		28.7	38.3
CA-IS3741-Q1						
Supply Current – Outputs disabled	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		1.5	2.4	mA
		I_{DDB}		2.3	3.5	
	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		4.0	6.7	
		I_{DDB}		3.2	5.1	
Supply Current – DC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		1.5	2.4	
		I_{DDB}		2.4	3.7	
	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		4.1	6.8	
		I_{DDB}		3.3	5.2	
Supply Current – AC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; All Channels Switching with 50% Duty Cycle Square Wave Clock Input with 3.3V Amplitude; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ for Each Channel.	1Mbps (500kHz)	I_{DDA}		3.0	4.9
			I_{DDB}		3.6	5.4
		10Mbps (5MHz)	I_{DDA}		5.5	8.0
			I_{DDB}		10.0	13.9
		100Mbps (50MHz)	I_{DDA}		10.3	14.5
			I_{DDB}		21.9	29.7
CA-IS3742-Q1						
Supply Current – Outputs disabled	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		2.3	3.2	mA
		I_{DDB}		2.3	3.2	
	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		4.9	6.9	
		I_{DDB}		4.9	6.9	
Supply Current – DC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		2.4	3.3	
		I_{DDB}		2.4	3.3	
	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		5.0	7.0	
		I_{DDB}		5.0	7.0	
Supply Current – AC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; All Channels Switching with 50% Duty Cycle Square Wave Clock Input with 3.3V Amplitude; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ for Each Channel.	1Mbps (500kHz)	I_{DDA}		4.0	5.9
			I_{DDB}		4.0	5.9
		10Mbps (5MHz)	I_{DDA}		8.9	12.0
			I_{DDB}		8.9	12.0
		100Mbps (50MHz)	I_{DDA}		17.4	24.0
			I_{DDB}		17.4	24.0
Note:						
1. V_{DDI} = Input-side supply V_{DD} .						

$V_{DDA} = V_{DDB} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 5\%$, $T_A = -40\text{ to }125^\circ\text{C}$ (over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified)

Parameters	Test conditions	SUPPLY CURRENT	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
CA-IS3740-Q1						
Supply Current – Outputs disabled	ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		1.4	2.0	mA
		I_{DDB}		2.4	3.4	
	ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		6.3	9.3	
		I_{DDB}		2.4	3.5	
Supply Current – DC Signal	ENB = V_{DDB} ; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		1.4	2.0	
		I_{DDB}		2.5	3.6	
	ENB = V_{DDB} ; $V_{IN} = V_{DDA}$ (CA-IS3740L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3740H)	I_{DDA}		6.3	9.3	
		I_{DDB}		2.5	3.7	
Supply Current – AC Signal	ENB = V_{DDB} ; All Channels Switching with 50% Duty Cycle Square Wave Clock Input with 2.5V Amplitude; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ for Each Channel.	1Mbps (500kHz)	I_{DDA}		3.8	5.6
			I_{DDB}		3.4	4.7
		10Mbps (5MHz)	I_{DDA}		3.8	5.6
			I_{DDB}		10.6	14.1
		100Mbps (50MHz)	I_{DDA}		4.7	7.0
			I_{DDB}		22.4	30.0
CA-IS3741-Q1						
Supply Current – Outputs disabled	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		1.5	2.3	mA
		I_{DDB}		2.3	3.5	
	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		4.0	6.7	
		I_{DDB}		3.2	5.0	
Supply Current – DC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		1.5	2.4	
		I_{DDB}		2.4	3.7	
	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3741L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3741H)	I_{DDA}		4.0	6.7	
		I_{DDB}		3.3	5.1	
Supply Current – AC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; All Channels Switching with 50% Duty Cycle Square Wave Clock Input with 2.5V Amplitude; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ for Each Channel.	1Mbps (500kHz)	I_{DDA}		3.0	4.8
			I_{DDB}		3.4	5.1
		10Mbps (5MHz)	I_{DDA}		4.8	7.2
			I_{DDB}		8.3	11.5
		100Mbps (50MHz)	I_{DDA}		8.4	11.9
			I_{DDB}		16.7	22.9
CA-IS3742-Q1						
Supply Current – Outputs disabled	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		2.2	3.2	mA
		I_{DDB}		2.2	3.2	
	ENA = ENB = 0 V; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		4.6	6.8	
		I_{DDB}		4.6	6.8	
Supply Current – DC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}^1$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		2.2	3.2	
		I_{DDB}		2.2	3.2	
	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; $V_{IN} = V_{DDI}$ (CA-IS3742L); $V_{IN} = 0\text{V}$ (CA-IS3742H)	I_{DDA}		4.7	6.9	
		I_{DDB}		4.7	6.9	
Supply Current – AC Signal	ENA = ENB = V_{DDI} ; All Channels Switching with 50% Duty Cycle Square Wave Clock Input with 2.5V Amplitude; $C_L = 15\text{ pF}$ for Each Channel.	1Mbps (500kHz)	I_{DDA}		3.9	5.6
			I_{DDB}		3.9	5.6
		10Mbps (5MHz)	I_{DDA}		7.5	10.3
			I_{DDB}		7.5	10.3
		100Mbps (50MHz)	I_{DDA}		14.4	19.7
			I_{DDB}		14.4	19.7
Note:						
1. V_{DDI} = Input-side supply V_{DD} .						

7.10. Timing Characteristics
 $V_{DDA} = V_{DDB} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40$ to 125°C (over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified)

Parameters		Test conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
DR	Data Rate				150	Mbps	
PW_{min}	Minimum Pulse Width				5	ns	
t_{PLH} , t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time	See Figure 8-1	5	12	16	ns	
PWD	Pulse Width Distortion $ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $						
$t_{sk(o)}$	Channel-to-Channel Output Skew Time ¹	Same-direction channels		0.4	2.5	ns	
$t_{sk(pp)}$	Part-to-Part Output Skew Time ²			2.0	4.5	ns	
t_r	Output Signal Rise Time	See Figure 8-1		2.5	4	ns	
t_f	Output Signal Fall Time	See Figure 8-1		2.5	4	ns	
t_{PHZ}	Disable Propagation Delay, High to High Impedance Output	See Figure 8-2		8	13	ns	
DR	Data Rate						
t_{PZH}	Enable Propagation Delay, High Impedance to High Output						CA-IS374x L -Q1
							CA-IS374x H -Q1
t_{PZL}	Enable Propagation Delay, High Impedance to Low Output						CA-IS374x L -Q1
							CA-IS374x H -Q1
t_{DO}	Default Output Delay Time from Input Power Loss						See Figure 8-3
t_{SU}	Start-up Time			15	40	μs	

Notes:

- $t_{sk(o)}$ is the skew between outputs of a single device with all driving inputs connected together and the outputs switching in the same direction while driving identical loads.
- $t_{sk(pp)}$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any terminals of different devices switching in the same direction while operating at identical supply voltages, temperature, input signals and loads.

 $V_{DDA} = V_{DDB} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_A = -40$ to 125°C (over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
DR	Data Rate				150	Mbps	
PW_{min}	Minimum Pulse Width				5	ns	
t_{PLH} , t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time	See Figure 8-1	5	12	16	ns	
PWD	Pulse Width Distortion $ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $						
$t_{sk(o)}$	Channel-to-Channel Output Skew Time ¹	Same-direction channels		0.4	2.5	ns	
$t_{sk(pp)}$	Part-to-Part Output Skew Time ²			2.0	4.5	ns	
t_r	Output Signal Rise Time	See Figure 8-1		2.5	4	ns	
t_f	Output Signal Fall Time	See Figure 8-1		2.5	4	ns	
t_{PHZ}	Disable Propagation Delay, High to High Impedance Output	See Figure 8-2		8	13	ns	
t_{PLZ}	Disable Propagation Delay, Low to High Impedance Output						
t_{PZH}	Enable Propagation Delay, High Impedance to High Output						CA-IS374x L -Q1
							CA-IS374x H -Q1
t_{PZL}	Enable Propagation Delay, High Impedance to Low Output						CA-IS374x L -Q1
							CA-IS374x H -Q1
t_{DO}	Default Output Delay Time from Input Power Loss						See Figure 8-3
t_{SU}	Start-up Time			15	40	μs	

Notes:

- $t_{sk(o)}$ is the skew between outputs of a single device with all driving inputs connected together and the outputs switching in the same direction while driving identical loads.
- $t_{sk(pp)}$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any terminals of different devices switching in the same direction while operating at identical supply voltages, temperature, input signals and loads.

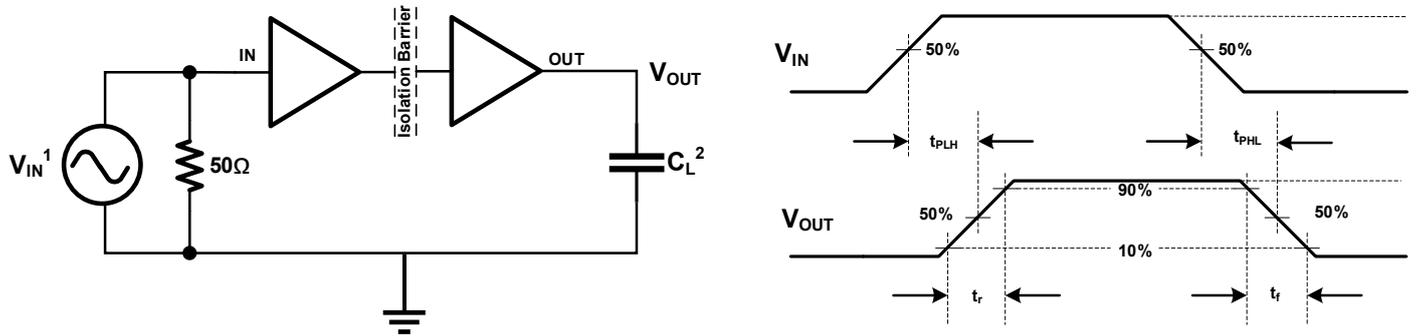
V_{DDA} = V_{DDB} = 2.5 V ± 5%, T_A = -40 to 125°C (over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
DR	Data Rate				150	Mbps	
PW _{min}	Minimum Pulse Width				5	ns	
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay Time	See Figure 8-1	5	12	16	ns	
PWD	Pulse Width Distortion t _{PLH} - t _{PHL}						
t _{sk(o)}	Channel-to-Channel Output Skew Time ¹	Same-direction channels		0.4	2.5	ns	
t _{sk(pp)}	Part-to Part Output Skew Time ²			1	5	ns	
t _r	Output Signal Rise Time	See Figure 8-1		2.5	4	ns	
t _f	Output Signal Fall Time	See Figure 8-1		2.5	4	ns	
DR	Data Rate	See Figure 8-2		16	26	ns	
PW _{min}	Minimum Pulse Width			16	26	ns	
t _{PZH}	Enable Propagation Delay, High Impedance to High Output		CA-IS374x L -Q1		10	20	ns
			CA-IS374x H -Q1		10	20	ns
t _{PZL}	Enable Propagation Delay, High Impedance to Low Output		CA-IS374x L -Q1		10	18	ns
			CA-IS374x H -Q1		10	20	ns
t _{DO}	Default Output Delay Time from Input Power Loss	See Figure 8-3		0.1	0.3	μs	
t _{SU}	Start-up Time			15	40	μs	

Notes:

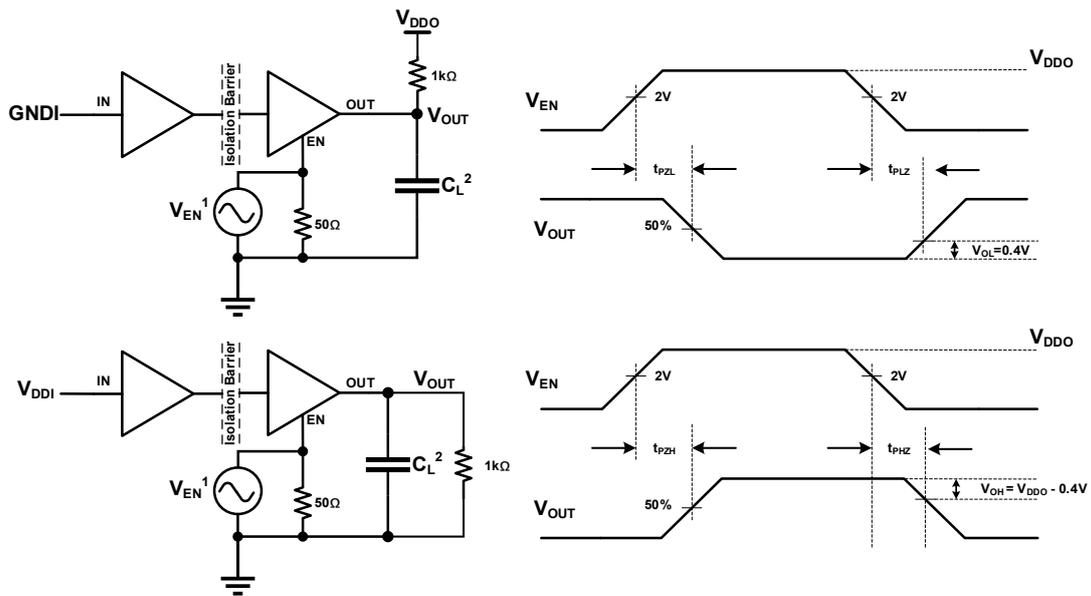
1. t_{sk(o)} is the skew between outputs of a single device with all driving inputs connected together and the outputs switching in the same direction while driving identical loads.
2. t_{sk(pp)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any terminals of different devices switching in the same direction while operating at identical supply voltages, temperature, input signals and loads.

8. Parameter Measurement Information



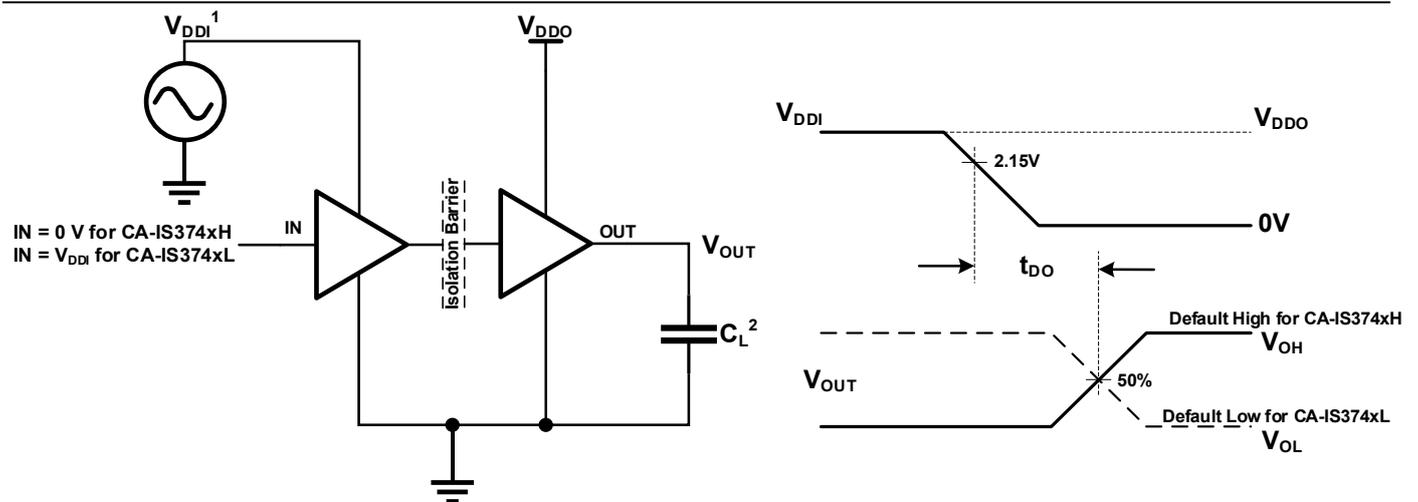
- Note:**
1. A square wave generator provide V_{IN} input signal with characteristics: frequency $\leq 100\text{kHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 3\text{ns}$, $t_f \leq 3\text{ns}$, $Z_{out} = 50\Omega$. At the input, 50Ω resistor is required to terminate input generator signal. It is not needed in actual application.
 2. $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ and includes external circuit (instrumentation and fixture etc.) capacitance. Since the load capacitance influence the output rising time, it's a key factor in the timing characteristic measurement.

Figure 8-1. Switching Characteristics Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- Note:**
1. A square wave generator provide V_{IN} input signal with characteristics: frequency $\leq 10\text{kHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 3\text{ns}$, $t_f \leq 3\text{ns}$, $Z_{out} = 50\Omega$. At the input, 50Ω resistor is required to terminate input generator signal. It is not needed in actual application.
 2. $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ and includes external circuit (instrumentation and fixture etc.) capacitance. Since the load capacitance influence the output rising time, it's a key factor in the timing characteristic measurement.

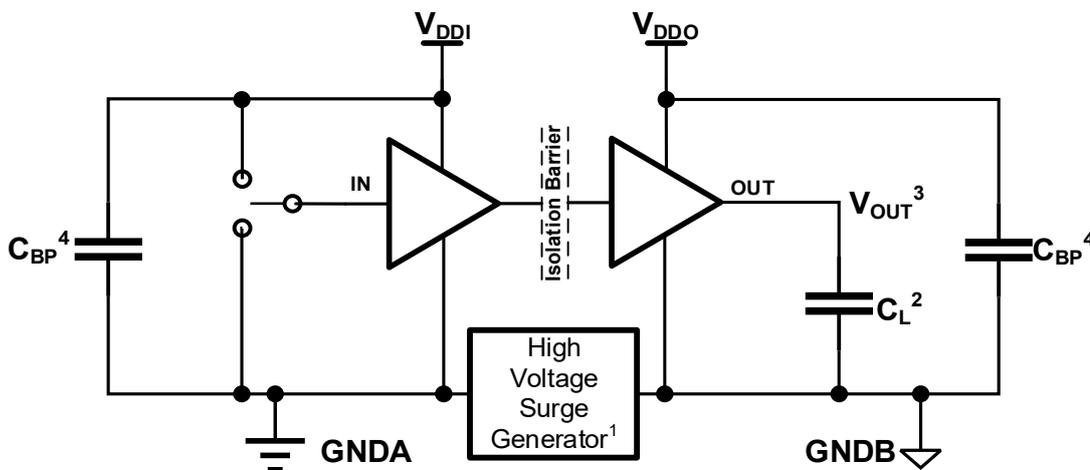
Figure 8-2. Enable/Disable Propagation Delay Time Test Circuit and Waveform



NOTE:

1. Power Supply Ramp Rate = 10 mV/ns. V_{DDI} should ramp over 2.375V, and less than 5.5V.
2. $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ and includes external circuit (instrumentation and fixture etc.) capacitance. Since the load capacitance influence the output rising time, it's a key factor in the timing characteristic measurement.

Figure 8-3. Default Output Delay Time Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



NOTE:

1. The High Voltage Surge Generator generates repetitive high voltage surges with > 1kV amplitude, rise time <10ns and fall time <10ns, to reach common-mode transient noise with > 150kV/ μs slew rate.
2. $C_L = 15\text{pF}$ and includes external circuit (instrumentation and fixture etc.) capacitance.
3. Pass-fail criteria: the output must remain stable.
4. C_{BP} (0.1 ~ 1 μF) is bypass capacitance.

Figure 8-4. Common-Mode Transient Immunity Test Circuit

9. Detailed Description

9.1. Overview

The CA-IS374x-Q1 devices are a family of automotive, four-channel digital galvanic isolators using Chipanalog’s full differential capacitive isolation technology. These devices have an ON-OFF keying (OOK) modulation scheme to transfer digital signals across the SiO₂ based isolation barrier between circuits with different power domains. The transmitter sends a high frequency carrier across the barrier to represent one digital state and sends no signal to represent the other digital state. The receiver demodulates the signal and recovery input signal at output through a buffer stage. With this OOK architecture, CA-IS374x-Q1 family of devices build a robust data transmission path between different power domains, without any special start-up initialization requirements. These devices also incorporate advanced full differential techniques to maximize the CMTI performance and minimize the radiated emissions due the high frequency carrier and I/O buffer switching.

9.2. Functional Block Diagram

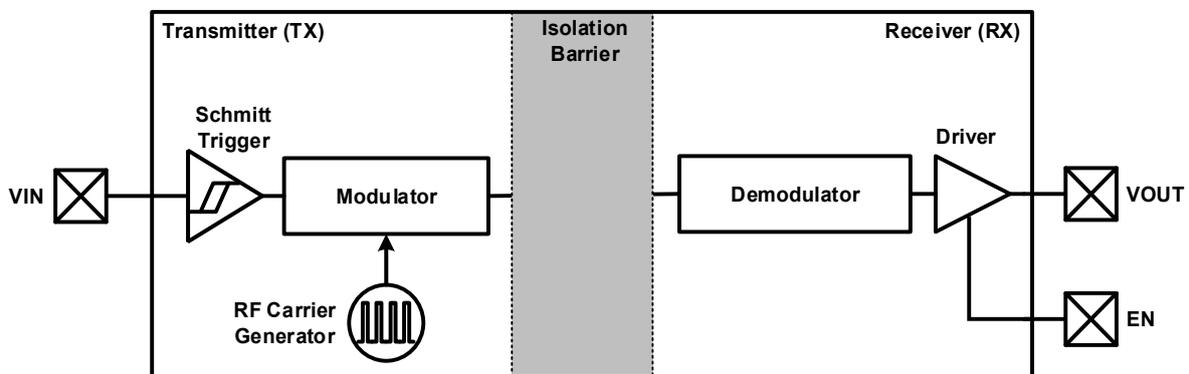


Figure 9-1. Functional Block Diagram of a Single Channel

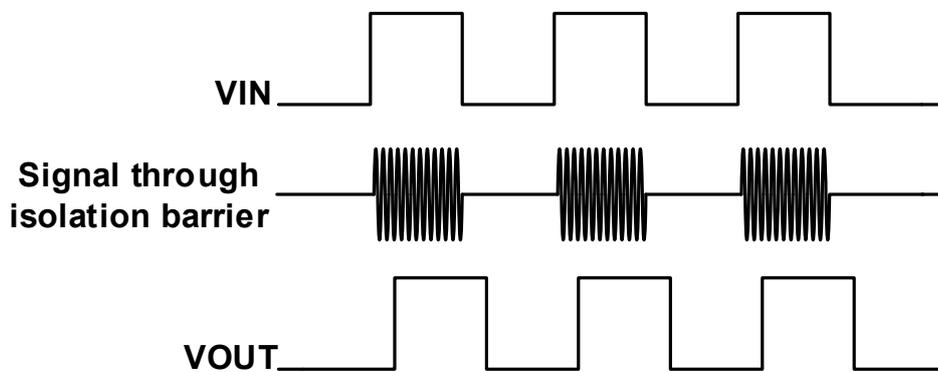


Figure 9-2. Conceptual Operation Waveforms of a Single Channel

9.3. Device Operation Modes

Table 9-1 lists the operation modes for the CA-IS374x-Q1 devices.

Table 9-1. Operation Mode Table

V _{DDI} ¹	V _{DDO} ¹	INPUT (V _{Ix}) ²	ENABLE (EN _x) ³	OUTPUT (VO _x)	OPERATION
PU	PU	H	H or open	H	Normal operation mode: A channel output follows the logic state of its input.
		L	H or open	L	
		Open	H or open	Default	Default output mode: When input V _{Ix} is open, the corresponding channel output goes to its default logic state. Default is <i>High</i> for CA-IS374xH - Q1 and <i>Low</i> for CA-IS374xL -Q1.
X	PU	X	L	Z	High impedance mode: A low level of Enable pin causes the output to be high impedance.
PD	PU	X	H or open	Default	Default output mode: When V _{DDI} is unpowered, a channel output assumes the logic state based on its default option. Default is <i>High</i> for CA-IS374xH -Q1 and <i>Low</i> for CA-IS374xL -Q1.
X	PD	X	X	Undetermined	If the output side V _{DDO} is unpowered, a channel output is undetermined. ⁴

Notes:

1. V_{DDI} = Input-side V_{DD}; V_{DDO} = Output-side V_{DD}; PU = Powered up (V_{DD} ≥ V_{DD(UVLO+)}); PD = Powered down (V_{DD} ≤ V_{DD(UVLO-)}); X = Irrelevant; H = High level; L = Low level; Z = High Impedance.
2. A strongly driven input signal can weakly power the floating V_{DD} through an internal protection diode and cause undetermined output.
3. It is recommended to connect the enable inputs to external logic high or low level when the CA-IS374x-Q1 operates in noisy environments.
4. The outputs are in undetermined state when V_{DD(UVLO+)} < V_{DDI}, V_{DDO} < V_{DD(UVLO-)}.

Table 9-2 is the truth table with Enable input for the CA-IS374x-Q1 devices.

Table 9-2. Enable Control

PART NUMBER	ENA ^{1,2}	ENB ^{1,2}	STATUS
CA-IS3740-Q1	—	H	B-side outputs VO1, VO2, VO3, VO4 are enabled and each output follows the logic state of its input.
	—	L	B-side outputs VO1, VO2, VO3, VO4 are disabled, and go to high impedance state.
CA-IS3741-Q1	H	X	A-side output VO4 is enabled and follows the logic state of its input.
	L	X	A-side output VO4 is disabled and goes to high impedance state.
	X	H	B-side outputs VO1, VO2, VO3 are enabled and each output follows the logic state of its input.
	X	L	B-side outputs VO1, VO2, VO3 are disabled and go to high impedance state.
CA-IS3742-Q1	H	X	A-side output VO3, VO4 are enabled and follows the logic state of its input.
	L	X	A-side output VO3, VO4 are disabled and goes to high impedance state.
	X	H	B-side outputs VO1, VO2 are enabled and each output follows the logic state of its input.
	X	L	B-side outputs VO1, VO2 are disabled and go to high impedance state.

Notes:

1. Enable inputs ENA and ENB can be used to put the respective outputs in high impedance for multi master driving applications, external clock synchronization etc. With internal pull-up resistors, these pins can be connected to logic high or left floating to enable the outputs. If ENA, ENB are unused, it is recommended to connect these pins to a logic level, especially in the noisy environment.
2. X = Irrelevant; H = High level; L = Low level.

10. Application and Implementation

The CA-IS374x-Q1 isolation ICs provide complete galvanic isolation between two power domains, protecting circuits from high common-mode transients and faults and eliminating ground loops. In many applications, digital isolators are replacing optocouplers because they can reduce the power requirements and take up less board space while offering the same isolation capability. The CA-IS374x-Q1 devices are the high-performance, four-channel digital isolators. These devices come with enable pins on each side which can be used to put the respective outputs in high impedance for multi master driving applications. Unlike optocouplers, which require external components to improve performance, provide bias, or limit current, the CA-IS374x-Q1 devices only require two external bypass capacitors to operate. To reduce ripple and the chance of introducing data errors, bypass VDDA and VDDDB pins with 0.1μF to 1μF low-ESR ceramic capacitors to GNDA and GNDB respectively. Place the bypass capacitors as close to the power supply input pins as possible. Figure 10-1 shows typical operating circuit of the CA-IS3742-Q1; Figure 10-2 is the typical applications for CA-IS37xx series products.

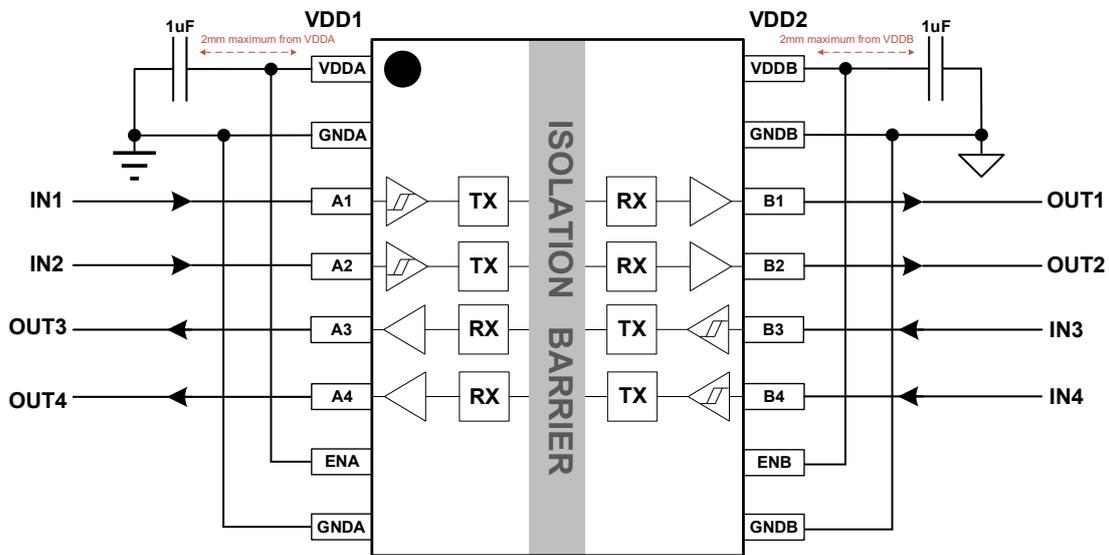


Figure 10-1. Typical Application Circuit of CA-IS3742-Q1

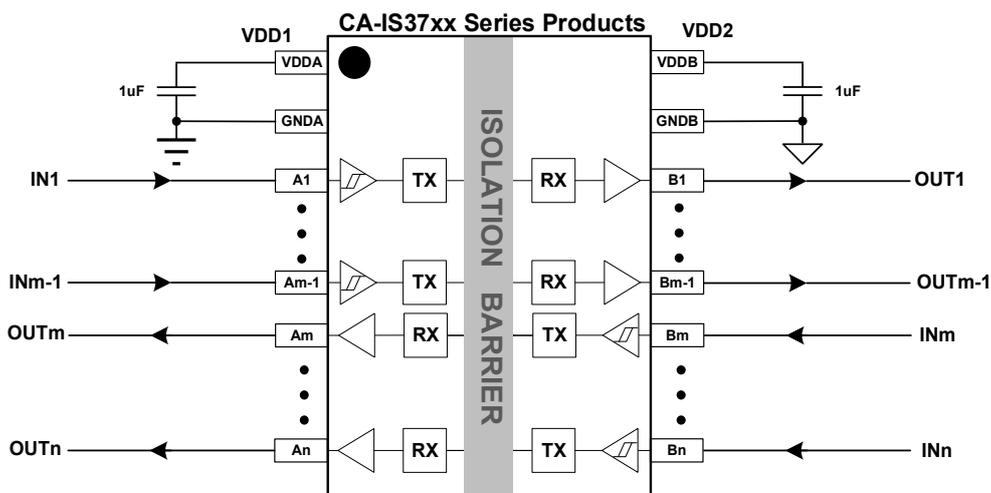
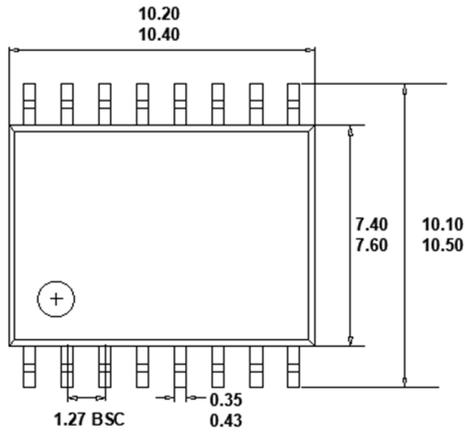


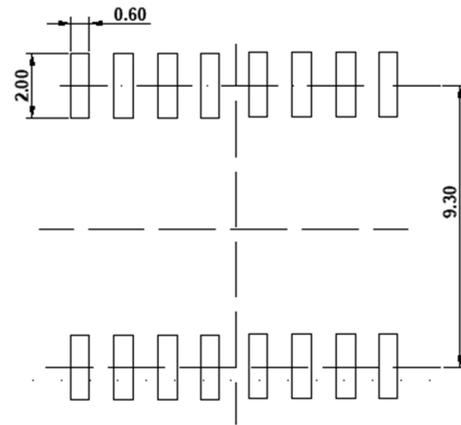
Figure 10-2. Typical Applications for the CA-IS37xx Series Digital Isolators

11. Package Information

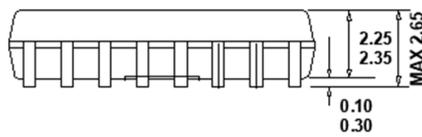
16-Pin Wide Body SOIC Package Outline



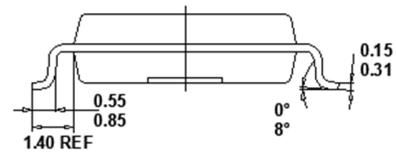
TOP VIEW



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



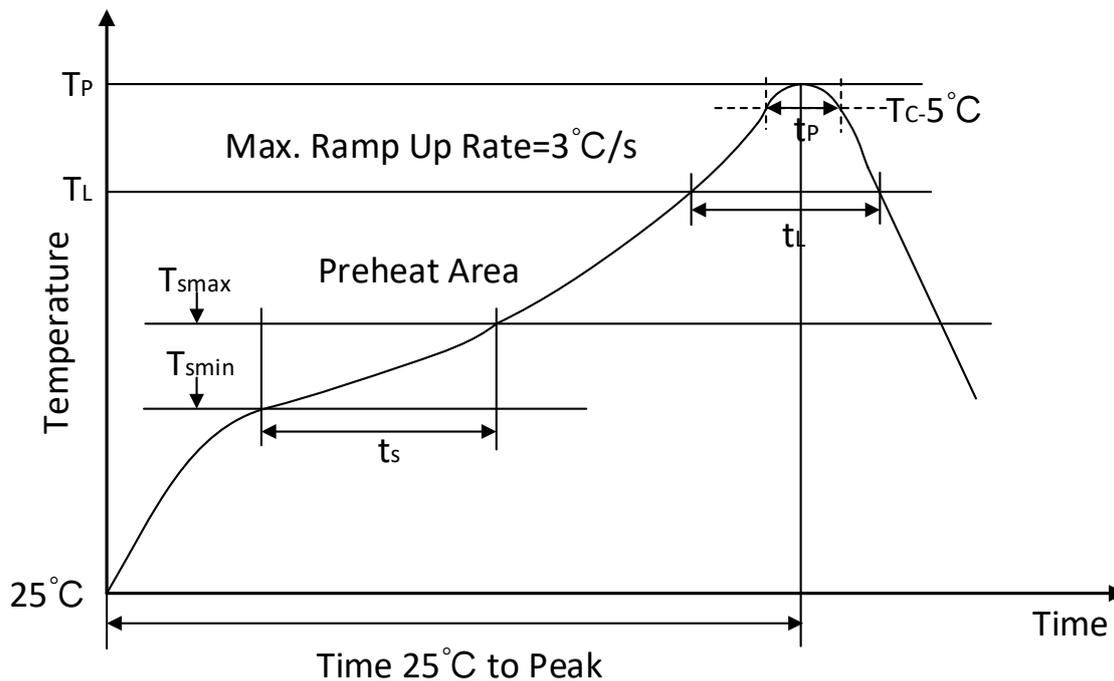
FRONT VIEW



LEFT SIDE VIEW

Note:

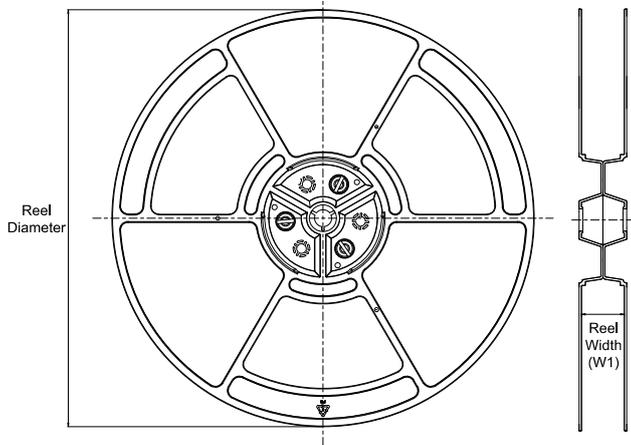
1. All dimensions are in millimeters, angles are in degrees.

12. Soldering Temperature (reflow) Profile

Figure. 12-1 Soldering Temperature (reflow) Profile
Table 12-1 Soldering Temperature Parameter

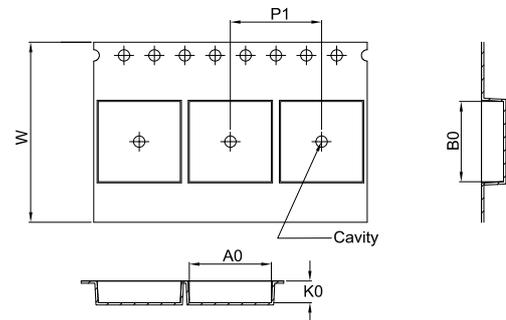
Profile Feature	Pb-Free Assembly
Average ramp-up rate(217 °C to Peak)	3°C/second max
Time of Preheat temp(from 150 °C to 200 °C)	60-120 second
Time to be maintained above 217 °C	60-150 second
Peak temperature	260°C
Time within 5 °C of actual peak temp	30 second
Ramp-down rate	6 °C/second max.
Time from 25°C to peak temp	8 minutes max

13. Tape and Reel Information

REEL DIMENSIONS

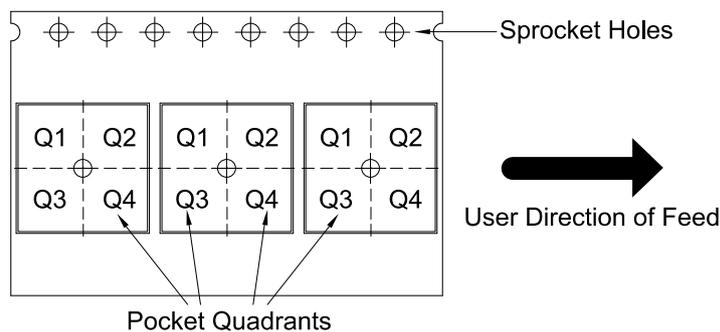


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
CA-IS3740LW-Q1	SOIC	W	16	1000	330	16.4	10.90	10.70	3.20	12.00	16.00	Q1
CA-IS3740HW-Q1	SOIC	W	16	1000	330	16.4	10.90	10.70	3.20	12.00	16.00	Q1
CA-IS3741LW-Q1	SOIC	W	16	1000	330	16.4	10.90	10.70	3.20	12.00	16.00	Q1
CA-IS3741HW-Q1	SOIC	W	16	1000	330	16.4	10.90	10.70	3.20	12.00	16.00	Q1
CA-IS3742LW-Q1	SOIC	W	16	1000	330	16.4	10.90	10.70	3.20	12.00	16.00	Q1
CA-IS3742HW-Q1	SOIC	W	16	1000	330	16.4	10.90	10.70	3.20	12.00	16.00	Q1

14. Important statement

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